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**PRESENT TENSE OF AVOIR AND ÊTRE**

[être](http://www.laits.utexas.edu/tex/gr/virr1.html) 'to be'
[avoir](http://www.laits.utexas.edu/tex/gr/virr2.html) 'to have'

**ADJECTIVES AND AGREEMENT**

[introduction](http://www.laits.utexas.edu/tex/gr/adj1.html)
[formation and placement](http://www.laits.utexas.edu/tex/gr/adj2.html)
[adjectives before the noun](http://www.laits.utexas.edu/tex/gr/adj3.html)
[irregular adjectives](http://www.laits.utexas.edu/tex/gr/adj4.html)

**REGULAR –er –ir and-re VERBS**

**-er verbs**[-er verbs (regular)](http://www.laits.utexas.edu/tex/gr/ver1.html)
[-er verbs (stem changing)](http://www.laits.utexas.edu/tex/gr/ver2.html)
**-ir verbs**[-ir verbs (regular)](http://www.laits.utexas.edu/tex/gr/vir1.html)
[-ir verbs (irreg) like partir](http://www.laits.utexas.edu/tex/gr/vir3.html) 'to leave,' sortir 'to go out,' dormir 'to sleep'
**-re verbs**[-re verbs (regular)](http://www.laits.utexas.edu/tex/gr/vre1.html)

**OBJECT PRONOUNS**

[direct object pronouns](http://www.laits.utexas.edu/tex/gr/pro5.html): **me, te, le, la, nous, vous, les**
[indirect object pronouns](http://www.laits.utexas.edu/tex/gr/pro8.html): **me, te, lui, nous, vous, leur**

**THE VERB OFFRIR**

[-ir verbs (irreg) like ouvrir](http://www.laits.utexas.edu/tex/gr/vir2.html) 'to open' and offrir ‘to offer/give’

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**PASSE COMPOSE**

[passé composé with avoir](http://www.laits.utexas.edu/tex/gr/tap2.html)

[passé composé with être](http://www.laits.utexas.edu/tex/gr/tap3.html)

**NEGATIVE EXPRESSIONS**
[introduction](http://www.laits.utexas.edu/tex/gr/neg1.html)
[basic negation](http://www.laits.utexas.edu/tex/gr/neg2.html): ne ... pas (don't, not)
[alternate forms (1)](http://www.laits.utexas.edu/tex/gr/neg3.html):
**ne ... jamais** (never)
**ne ... rien** (nothing)
**ne ... personne** (nobody, no one)
**ne ... pas du tout** (not at all)
**ne ... plus** (no more, any longer

**DETERMINERS (ARTICLES)**
[introduction](http://www.laits.utexas.edu/tex/gr/det1.html)
[definite articles](http://www.laits.utexas.edu/tex/gr/det2.html)
[def. articles with physical characteristics](http://www.laits.utexas.edu/tex/gr/det3.html), ex. **elle a les cheveux longs**
[indefinite articles](http://www.laits.utexas.edu/tex/gr/det4.html)
[partitive articles](http://www.laits.utexas.edu/tex/gr/det5.html)

**THE PRONOUN Y**

[pronoun:](http://www.laits.utexas.edu/tex/gr/pro6.html) y

**INTERROGATIVE CONSTRUCTIONS** **(QUESTIONS)**
[introduction](http://www.laits.utexas.edu/tex/gr/int1.html)
[yes/no questions](http://www.laits.utexas.edu/tex/gr/int2.html): **est-ce que, n'est-ce pas**
[questions with subject/verb inversion](http://www.laits.utexas.edu/tex/gr/int3.html)
[interrogative adjective quel](http://www.laits.utexas.edu/tex/gr/int4.html) (with exclamative usage)
[interrogative pronouns](http://www.laits.utexas.edu/tex/gr/int5.html): **qui, qui est-ce que, qu'est-ce qui, qu'est-ce que**
[interrogative words](http://www.laits.utexas.edu/tex/gr/int7.html)
